From Sound to Letters

A Synthetic Phonics Approach to Fluent Reading

THE SHORT VOWEL BOOK

A Long Vowel First, Phonics-First Approach to Teaching Fluent Reading, Cursive Handwriting and Accurate Spelling.

The Concepts and Skills of Synthetic Phonics Taught in a Orderly and Logical Sequence

Based on Caroline Yale's *Northampton Charts*, Mildred McGinnis' *Association Method*, and Priscilla McQueen's *Curriculum Design*.

Rational

Introduction: We have just completed the children's first reader: *The Long Vowel Book*. In *The Long Vowel Book*, your child learned to read and write words that use the main long vowel and most of the consonant spellings of English. Your child is now ready to begin the second reader, *The Short Vowel Book*, which presents short vowels, "other vowel," and additional consonant spellings.

Long Vowels First: Unlike most other phonics programs, *Sounds to Letters* teaches the long vowels first. It does this because the long vowels are easier to discriminate, to hear in words, and to recognize, because the sounds are the same as the letter names. We also teach long vowels first because there are many ways to spell them. The sound \bar{a} , for example, may be spelled a as in acorn a_e, as in tape, ai_ as in tail, and ay as in day. The short vowel sound \bar{a} is just spelled a, as in acorn a in acorn

Sound Association Picture: *From Sounds to Letters* helps the children associate each spelling by its sound by using a special picture. Each of these pictures, except the long vowel cards, show a picture of a situation in which a sound is being produced, *not* an object that begins with that sound. It also shows the most common spelling of that sound. I teach the children to associate sounds with *actions*, now with objects, so they can recognize sounds anywhere in a word, not just at the beginning.

Cursive Handwriting: Cursive handwriting is taught first because it is a proven aid in preventing problems with reversals. It aids in teaching sounding-out or blending because the letters within words are all connected (threaded together). It eliminates unnecessary and difficult step from manuscript to cursive. Words are perceived as single units composed of individual connected parts.

Spelling: Oral and written spelling is taught simultaneously with the reading so the children will be able to automatically and accurately write anything they can read. There is no need for separate spelling lessons.

Vowel and Consonant Sounds and Spellings Taught in *The Short Vowel Book*

Lesson 25. i 26. k, c, _ck 27. _ng, _ñ_ 28. Review 29. Review. 30. **a**_ 31. ce, ci, cy 32. Review 33. j, _dge, ġ<mark>e</mark>, ġ<mark>i</mark>, ġ<mark>y</mark> 34. Review 35. o_ 36. x 37. e_, ĕa_ 38. ch, _tch 39. Review 40. wh 41. u_, à, ė, ò 42. qu_ 43. ow, ou_ 44. Review 45. är 46. aw, au_, a 47. ô 48. Review 49. Review 50. oi_, oy 51. oo, u 52. kn_, gn_, wr_, mb 53. wor 54. _ti__, _ci__, _si__ 55. ph, ch

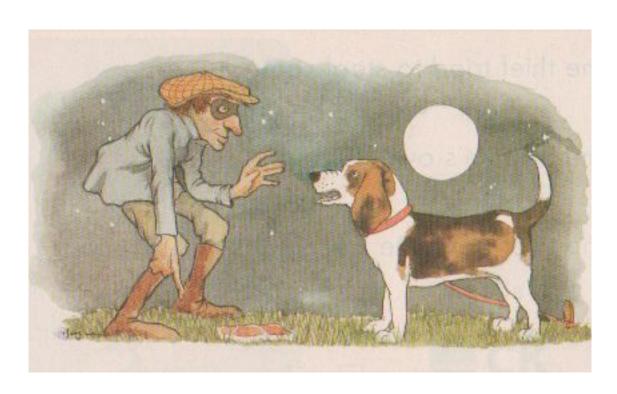
Lesson 25



i it is this

Did you win? No, I didn't.

- 1. did didn't dig dip
- 2. with will wish win
- 3. hit his him hill
- 4. stiff still print
- 5. give live said are
- 6. till tile fill file
- 7. simple nimble silver glitter



The Thief and the Beagle

One night a thief tried to steal some sheep. A beagle was tied nearby. The owner was asleep.

"Rrr, rrr, rrr!" said the beagle. "Go away!"

"Sh!" said the thief. He threw some meat to the beagle.

The beagle didn't eat the meat.

"Rrr, rrr," he said. "I hope my owner will hear me."

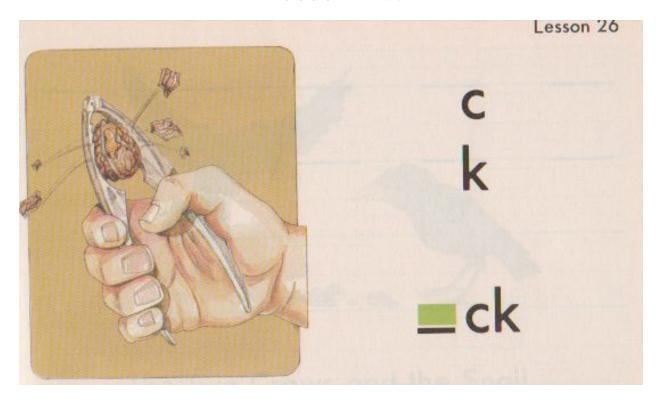
The owner did. He made the thief go away.

The Thief and The Beagle

~ 1	. 1		
1120	Δ th Δ	correct	OHCINAL
CHU	C uic	COLLCC	answer.

Circle the cor	iect allswei	•			
1. The thief tr	ied to steal	some			
a. meat	b. bones	c. sheep			
2. The beagle's owner was					
a. away	b. asleep	c. a thief			
3. The thief gave the beagle some					
a. sheep	b. beets	c. meat			
4. Did the ow	ner hear the	thief?			
a. yes	b. no				
5. Did the owner hear the beagle?					
a. yes	b. no				
6. The owner made the thief					
a. stay	b. go away	c. eat			

Lesson 26.



c crow closek break bikeck kick

She likes to eat beets.

- 1. case care came bėcame
- 2. oak poke soak stroke
- 3. kick pick stick tick
- 4. make cake snake take bake
- 5. lift big split thick
- 6. sly other another come
- 7. picnic breāk work



The Two Crows and the Snail

A crow tried to open a snail to eat it. He hit it with his beak. He bit it. He kicked it. It still didn't split.

Another crow came by. She played a sly trick.

"Fly high with the snail," she said, "and open your beak. If the snail hits the road, it will split. I'll wait to see."

The first crow flew high and opened his beak. The snail hit the road and split.

The other crow came and ate the snail.

The Two Crows and the Snail

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The snail wasn't easy to _____.
 - a. kick b. open c. lift
- 2. The sly crow played a _____.

 - a. game b. flute c. trick

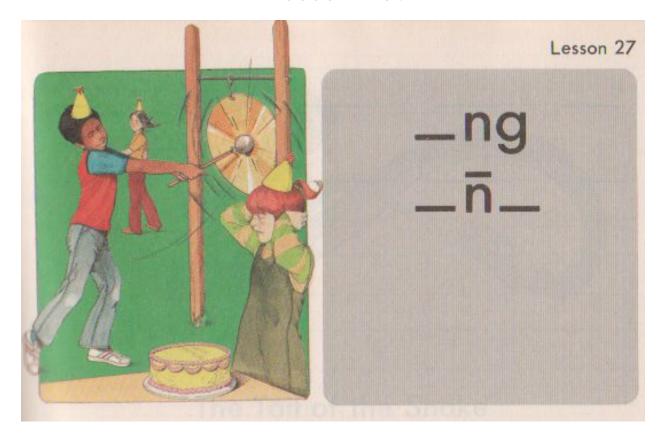
Haste makes waste.

Rain, rain, go away.

Come again another day.

like take come cry keep some lick takėn came cries kid come cliff mistake became cried kill another

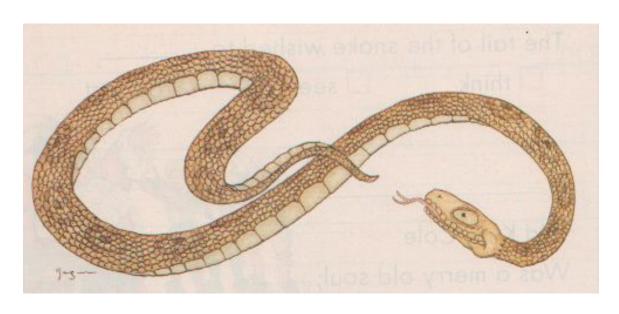
Lesson 27.



_ng sing ring
n finger
_nk sink rink

The boat was sinking

- 1. king wing ring bring
- 2. sing swing sting string
- 3. sink wink think drink
- 4. shine, shining hit hitting
- 5. all, call called merry
- 6. middle fiddle fiddler bowl
- 7. single tingle singer finger
- 8. spring thing something nothing



The Tail of the Snake

The tail of a snake wished to go first.

"No," said the snake to its tail.

"You don't hear. You don't see. You don't think. You will hit things, and it will hurt."

"I don't care," said the tail. "I'm going to go first." And it did.

So the snake glided to the rear.

Soon it slid over a cliff and was nearly killed.

The tail was dizzy.

"I made a mistake," it said to the snake. "You go first."

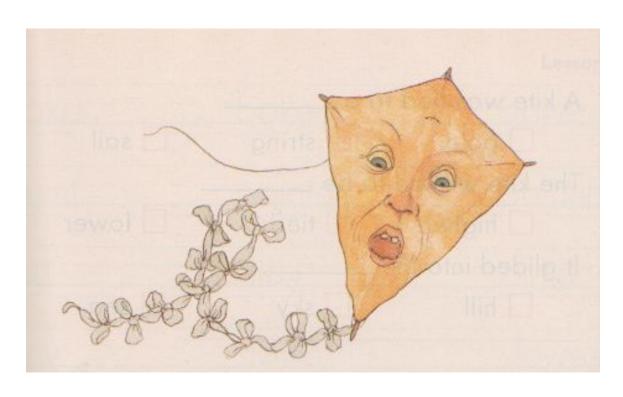
Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The tail of the snake wished to _____.
 a. think b. see c. go first
- 2. The tail of the snake was _______
 b. dizzy b. happy c. free

Old King Cole
Was a merry old soul,
And a merry old soul was he.
He called for his pipe,
And he called for his bowl,
And he called for his fiddles three.

lead shine go glide dig leads shiny goes glided digs leading shining going gliding digging Lesson 28: Review.

- 1. sit sink silly sick
- 2. win wind window winter
- 3. find mind kind wind blind
- 4. old hold cold scold
- 5. ôff are aren't kite
- 6. mill milk sill silk
- 7. skip skin skid sky
- 8. trim indeed pray



The Paper Kite

A paper kite was tied to a string. It flew high in the sky. "I'm a fine flier," it said. If I broke my string, I'd sail even higher.

"No," said the string. "You aren't really flying alone. I think you need me."

"Silly string!" said the kite. "We'll see."

It broke its string and tried to sail higher.

It didn't sail higher. It sailed lower. Soon it was gliding into the sea.

"My string was right," it said.

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. A kite was tied to a _____.

 - a. pole b. string c. sail
- 2. The kite wished to be _____.
 - a. higher b. tied c. lower
- 3. It glided into the _____.

 - a. hill b. sky c. sea

A goat was feeling fine. He ate five shirts right off the line.

speak colder clip slip I'll kit kite spoke broke clipped slipped I'm kitten spoken broken clipping slipping I'd

Lesson 29: Review

bake, baked, baker, baking paint, painter, painting slow, slower, slowest, slowly swiftly safely dirt, dirty, dirtier little, eagle, beagle

- 1. hair hare fair snare
- 2. lake shake shaken
- 3. clear clean
- 4. miss, missed hiss, hissed
- 5. hope, hoping vote, voting
- 6. music twig
- 7. in to into
- 8. pick perfect curl



The Eagle and the Baker

A miller laid a snare. A baby eagle flew into it. The miller clipped his wings and tied him to a pole.

The little eagle wished to be free.

A kind baker came by. He paid the miller and gave the eagle a home. He stroked him. He didn't tie him.

In time the eagle's wings grew. He flew safely away.

Later he returned. He gave the baker a fine hare.

Circle the correct answer.

- The eagle flew into a ______.
 a. pole b. hole c. snare
 the eagle wished to be ______.
- a. big b. free c. brave
- 3. The baker was _____.
 a. sleepy b. old c. kind
- 4. He gave the eagle a _____.
 a. home b. hare c. bone
- 5. The eagle liked the _____.
 a. miller b. baker c. snare

thirsty river miller slowly big dirty dinner lighter fairly bigger curly leader later clearly biggest

Lesson 30.



a as an at drank man

We began to fish at noon.

1. an ant antlers animals

2. bad bag bat bath

3. can can't candle candlestick

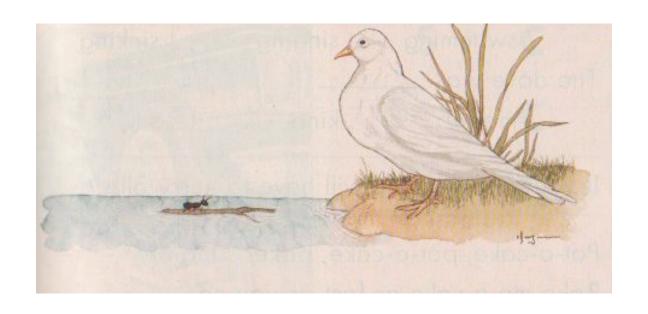
4. bang back bank blank

5. ask fast pat grab

6. aim, aiming fire fired

7. dove have happen

8. wagon oven woman



The Dove and the Ant

An ant came to a river to drink. As she drank, she slid in and began to sink.

"Save me!" she cried. "Save me!"

A kind dove was nearby. The dove threw a twig into the river.

The ant grabbed hold and floated to the bank.

Later the dove was sitting in a tree. A man was going to shoot her. The dove didn't see him aiming at her. The ant did. As the man fired, the ant bit his heel. The man missed, and the dove flew safely away.

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The ant was _____.
 - a. swimming b. singing c. sinking
- 2. The dove was _____.
- a. mean b. kind c. silly.

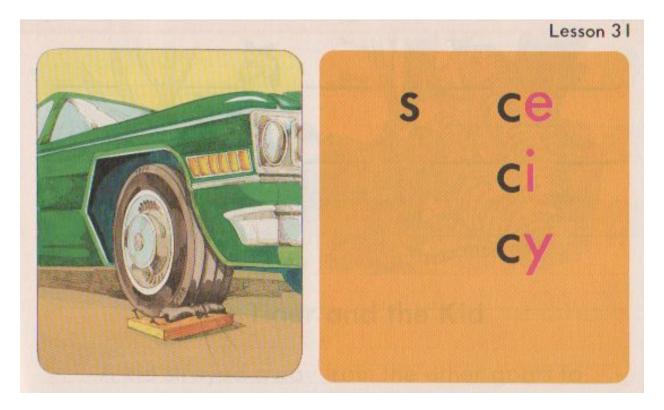
If you rise late, you will have to hurry all day.



Pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake, baker's man! Bake me a cake as fast as you can.

Pat it, and pick it, and trim it with B. And stick it in the oven for baby and me.

Lesson 31.



ce place lace trace ci racing tracing cy fancy Nancy

He has a kind face.

- 1. ice mice nice rice
- 2. race face place space
- 3. dance prance France glance
- 4. icy fancy Nancy
- 5. from some come complain
- 6. too two second
- 7. peace circle black
- 8. silėnt practice accidėnt



The Tiger and the Kid

A kid strayed away from the other goats to drink. As he drank, a tiger came by. The tiger was going to eat him.

"Wait!" said the kid. "I see you have a fancy flute. Please play your flute first, and I'll dance for you."

The tiger liked music. He played his flute. The kid pranced and danced.

The owner of the goats was able to hear the flute. He came with a big stick. The tiger had to race away with no dinner.

"After this," said the tiger, "I shall eat first and play the flute later."

1	. 1	4	
('ircle	the	correct	answer.
	u	COLLECT	answer.

- 1. A kid is a _____
 - a. tiger b. dance c. baby goat
- 2. The tiger played a
- a. trick b. flute c. game
- 3. The kid
- a. raced b. ate c. danced
- 4. The owner came with a
 - a. stick b. flute
- c. dinner.

Mr. Potter's Secret of Reading:

"Look at all the letters the right way, and no guessing."

ice dance black plan icing danced board planned

icy dancing blackboard planning

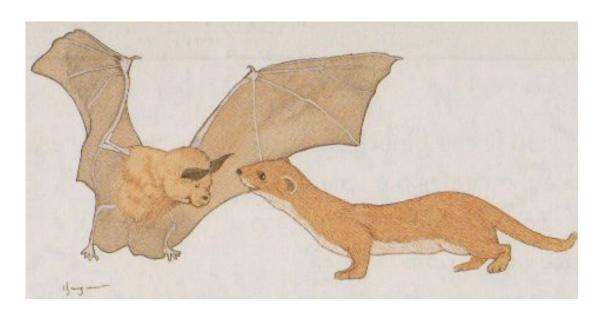
Lesson 32: Review

ice icing icy
place placed placing
happen happy happily
stand that than
trap trapping trapped

Will you mow the grass?

- 1. rat ran rag rang
- 2. flat flatter flap flapped
- 3. pad pass passed past
- 4. fan fat fast faster
- 5. damp dampėn reason
- 6. or horn for more roar

7. purr turnip drain raise



The Two Weasels and the Bat

A weasel trapped a little bat. The weasel liked to eat birds.

"I think you are a bird," said the weasel.

"No," said the bat, hiding his wings. "See my face. I have teeth like the mice."

"In that case, I will free you," said the weasel, and he did.

Soon another weasel trapped the little bat. This weasel ate only mice.

"Don't eat me," said the bat. "I'm like the bird." He flapped his wings.

"In that case, you may go," said the weasel. The bat flew happily away.

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	u		answer.

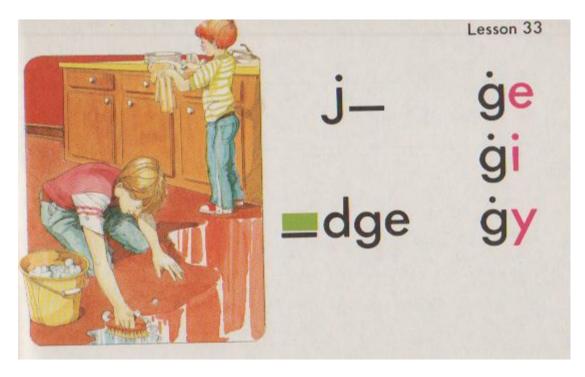
- 1. The first weasel liked to eat _____.
- a. bats b. birds c. mice
- 2. The second weasel liked to eat

 - a. bats b. birds c. mice
- 3. Bats are like birds because _____.
 - a. They have wings. b. They have teeth.
- 4. Bats are like mice because _____
 - a. they have wings. b. They have teeth.

Silence is golden.

lie pan air turning fry wading fries lies cake care flapping frying lying pancake scare

Lesson 33.



June Jim Jill

dge ridge bridge

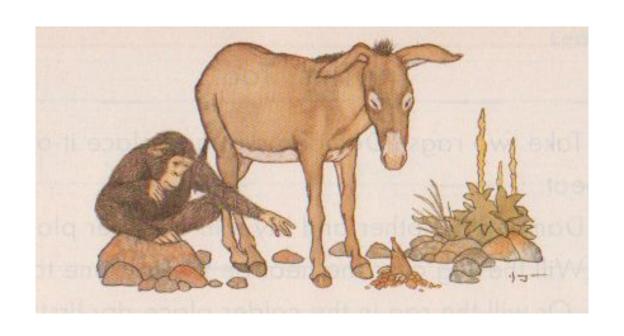
ġe ġi ġerm

ġīant

ġy ġym

I have huge ears.

- 1. Joe Joan joke joking
- 2. jab jam Jack jackėt
- 3. age cage page stage
- 4. huģe ġīant maģic Janet
- 5. Jim ġym
- 6. sting stingy string
- 7. germ ginger



The Mule, the Ape, and the Mole

One June day a mule and an ape came to a stream.

"My huge ears are a joke, said the mule. I wish they were antlers."

"And I wish I had a tail," said the ape, "a giant tail."

A mole came from beneath a bridge close by. "Be still, both of you," he said, "and don't complain. We moles have no antlers. We have thin tails. And we are nearly blind besides."

Questions

Draw a line to the correct words to complete the sentence.

- 1. The mule had a. no tail.
- 2. The ape had b. nearly blind.
- 3. The mole was c. huge ears.
- 4. The animals came d. to a stream.

Jean	Jill	bad	bridgės	Jane
jeep	Judy	badge	badgės	flame
Joe	giant	bridge	cagės	James

some other sir peace come another circle face complain mother sister mice

Lesson 34: Review

mill mile

pill pile

hat hate

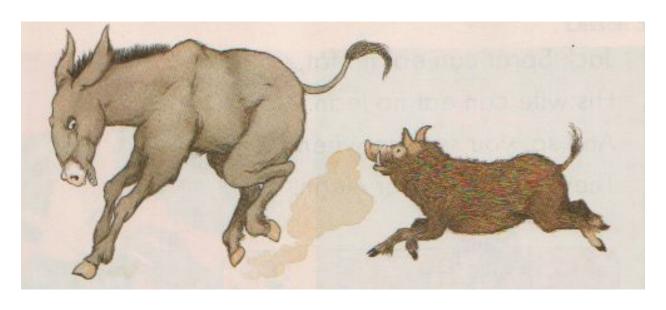
Daddy lady

tapping taping

She wore a huge badge.

- 1. last land lap ladder
- 2. sat sang sack sank
- 3. smiled mild wild
- 4. please sneeze breeze freeze
- 5. angry moment signal
- 6. décide décided surprised

7. ēither nēither



The Wild Pig Fights the Mule

A wild pig and an old mule became angry. They decided to fight.

"This mule has bad teeth," said the wild pig. "His teeth can't hurt me, so I shall win."

He ran at the mule. At the last moment, the old mule turned away. As he did, he threw back his heels and hit the wild pig in the face. The pig was surprised. He turned and ran away.

"After this I shall think of both the bite and the kick," he said.

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The mule used his _____ to fight the pig. b. tail c. heels
 - a. teeth

- 2. Pig thought mule had bad _____.
 a. feet b. teeth c. heels

- 3. Pig was _____.
 a. surprised b. happy c. sick



Jack Sprat can eat no fat, His wife can eat no lean. And so, you see, between the two, They lick the platter clean.

pie tap tape carry tapped taped man carries tapping taping pieman carried

Lesson 35.



o___ not lock stopped

He dropped the clock

- 1. pot spot got lot lots
- 2. drop, dropped stop, stopped
- 3. trot, trottėd nod, noddėd
- 4. sock rock lock clock
- 5. song strong long along
- 6. wolf wolves or door floor
- 7. nimble simple glitter flood



The Wolf and the Kids

A mother goat had to find food. She had to leave her kids at home. "Stay inside and lock the door," she said to her kids. "The wolf may be near. He likes to eat kids. If he comes here, he'll try to eat you. Do not open the door till you hear me tap."

One of the kids said. "The wolf might tap"

"Dear me! said the mother goat. "We will have to have a signal. I will say, "The wolf is bad." Do not open the door till you hear me say that.

She trotted away.

The wolf was hiding nearby. He was able to hear this. Soon he came near the home and tapped. The kid said, "Is it my mother or is it the wolf."

"Your mother," said the wolf.

"Give me the signal," said the kid.

The wolf smiled in a sly way. He gave the signal. "The wolf is bad," he said.

The kid stopped to think.

At last he said, "Are you really my mother? Go to the window and show me your beard.

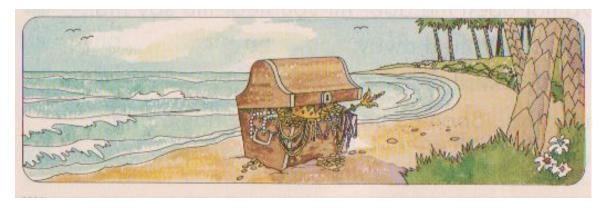
The wolf had no beard. He trotted sadly away.

Questions

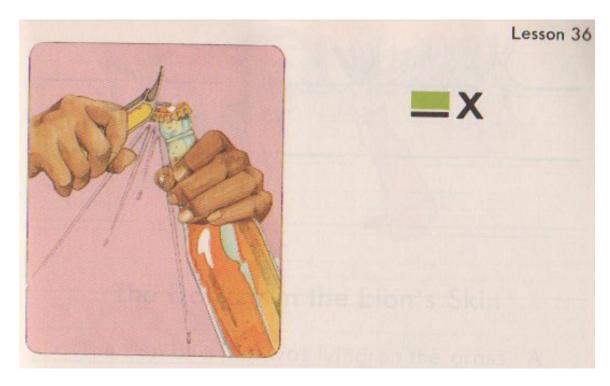
Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The wolf hoped to _____ the kid.
 - a. see b. hide c. eat
- 2. The kid was _____.
 a. silly b. wise b. big

All that glitters is not gold.



Lesson 36.



x ox fox fix mix

I see six oxen in the field.

- 1. ox socks fox locks box
- 2. six tricks fix picks mix
- 3. ax packs wax tax jacks
- 4. līon bray hog fog frog
- 5. hot hop top mop pop
- 6. kēy turkēy monkēy donkēy
- 7. porridge horrid stocking
- 8. doctor Dr. mister Mr.



The Donkey and the Lion's Skin

The skin of a lion was lying on the grass. A silly donkey got into it and tried to scare the other animals.

He ran at an ox, and the ox trotted away.

He ran at a deer, and the deer raced away.

He ran at a tiger, and the tiger backed away.

"I'm a fine lion," said the donkey. "I think I can roar like a lion, too."

He came to a fox and ran at him, braying. The fox did not race away. "Aren't you scared of me?" asked the donkey.

No." said the fox. "Real lions roar. They don't bray."

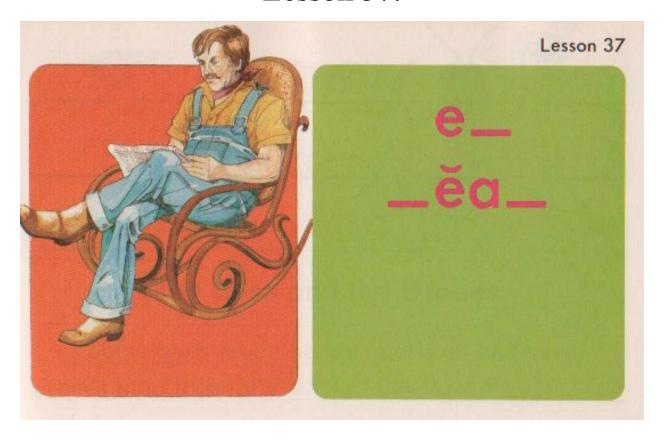
Pease porridge hot,
Pease porridge cold,
Pease porridge in the pot
Nine days old.

Some like it hot, Some like it cold, Some like it in the pot Nine days old.



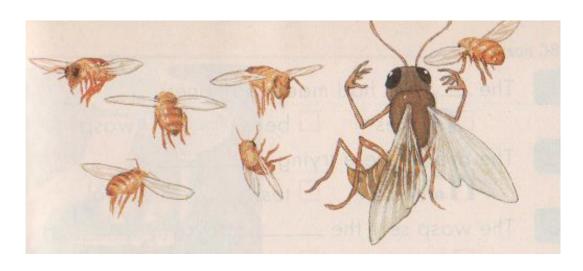
on	it	can	long	rod	still
to	is	cannot	longer	God	spill
onto	it's	can't	longest	nod	fill

Lesson 37.



I'll go ahead instead.

- 1. tell test ten tent
- 2. leg let let's left
- 3. red ready rest rent
- 4. hĕad help hĕavy held
- 5. egg edge else end
- 6. wasp drone honey money
- 7. extrà expect except excite
- 8. plěasant penny any many ōcean



The Bees and the Drones

Some bees made honey in a hive, and some drones tried to steal it.

A wasp came by.

"Help!" cried the bees. "Please tell these drones not to steal this honey."

"We aren't stealing it," said the drones. "We made it."

"I will test you," said the wasp. "Let me see you both make honey."

The bees were ready. They made honey.

The lazy drones sat still. They had never made honey. They had played instead.

The wasp nodded his head and sent the drones away.

Questions.

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	u		answer.

- 1. The _____ had made the honey.
 - a. drones b. bees. c. wasp
- 2. The drones were trying to _____ it.
 - a. make
- b. test. c. steal
- 3. The wasp sent the _____ away.
- a. bees b. honey c. drones

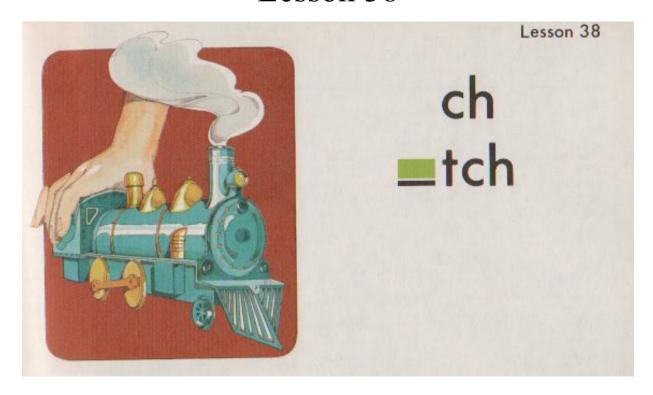
Little drops of water, little grains of sand.

Make the mighty ocean and the pleasant land.

Julia F. Carney

go send hold bend meet held went sent bent met meeting holding going sending bending

Lesson 38

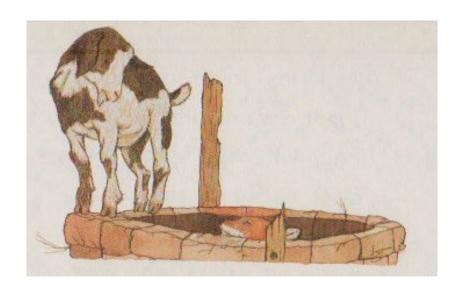


ch each chat

tch catch match

I can't teach it. Can you?

- 1. chase cheer change chief
- 2. catch, catchės match batch hatch
- 3. fell then set seven
- 4. neck nest next net
- 5. well wet web west
- 6. ever never every everyone
- 7. merry merrier how tôss
- 8. Saint Ives St. Ives



The Fox and the Goat

One day a fox fell into a well. She leaped and leaped, trying to reach the top. Each time she leaped, she slipped back.

Soon a goat came by.

"I'm catching a fine batch of fish," said the fox. "Leap in and help me!"

"By my beard," said the goat, "I will." He leaped in.

The sly fox leaped onto his back and then to the top of the well.

"I don't see your fish," said the goat, "so I'll leave too. Help me reach the top!"

"Not I," said the fox. "You will have to find another goat."

As I was going to Saint Ives,
I met a man with seven wives.
Each wife had seven sacks,
Each sack had seven cats,
Each cat had seven kits.
Kits, cats, sacks, and wives,
How many were going to Saint Ives?

The Pancake



Mix a pancake,
Stir a pancake,
Pop it in the pan!
Fry the pancake,
Toss the pancake,
Catch it if you can!

-Christina G. Rossetti

Lesson 39. Review

end pitcher pebble child feather

Each child gets some cheese.

children chicken chief age edge egg

- 1. bed bell best better
- 2. ditch pitch rich hitch
- 3. doll pond shop robin
- 4. pet pebble men womėn
- 5. person people child children
- 6. champ tramp chance branch
- 7. allēy vallēy chicken water



The Crow and the Pitcher

A thirsty crow came to a pitcher of water. She was sad to find that she wasn't able to drink. The water was too low. Her beak did not reach it. She sat on some pebbles in a ditch to think.

At last she lifted the pebble in her beak and dropped it into the pitcher. Then she dropped another and another. The water rose higher and higher. At last it reached the top, and the thirsty crow drank her fill.

Questions

Circle the correct answers.

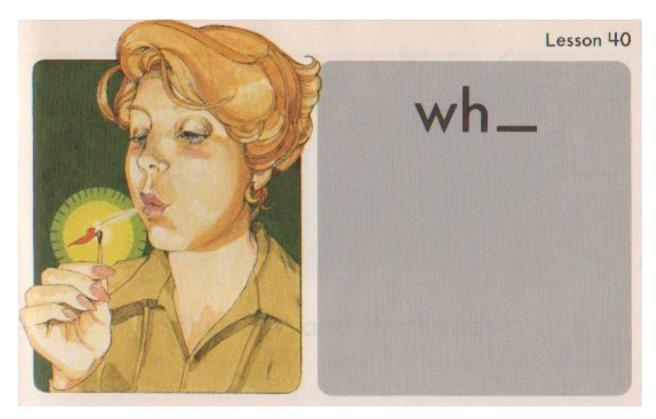
- 1. The water in the pitcher was too ______a. high b. low
- 2. At the end, the crow was _____
 - a. sad b. happy

Simple Simon met a pieman Going to the fair. Says Simple Simon to the pieman, "Let me taste your ware."

Says the pieman to Simple Simon, "Show me first your penny."
Says Simple Simon to the pieman, "Indeed I have not any."

The more the merrier.

Lesson 40.



wh_ why when which

Why did you go alone?

- 1. why while white whine
- 2. which whisper whip whisker
- 3. wheel whale wheat whoop
- 4. crash crack blast reed
- 5. air where there very
- 6. in been



The Oak and the Reeds

A huge oak tree grew by a river. One day there were very high winds, and the tree was shaken by each blast of the wind.

At last it broke and fell with a crash. It hit the riverbank below. It lay between some reeds, which were bending with the wind.

When the wind stopped, the tree spoke to the reeds.

"I am bigger than you are," said the tree. "Why was I broken by the wind while you weren't."

"We bent till the wind went by," said the reeds. "You stayed stiff."

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- a. crack
- b. bend
- 2. The reeds were able to
 - a. bend
- b. be stiff
- 3. Which was bigger?
 - a. the oak tree b. the reed



I see the moon, And the moon sees me. God bless the moon And God bless me.

Three wise men of Gotham Went to sea in a bowl. If the bowl had been stronger. My song had been longer.

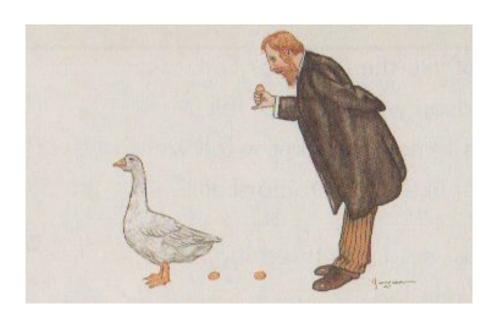
Better late than never.

Lesson 41.



- u cut but cup
- å ålong signål
- ė sevėn catchės
- o button person
 Where is my yellow cup?

- 1. stuff stuffed stuck study
- 2. much must mud muddy
- 3. bun but buzz buzzed
- 4. just jump judge junk
- 5. who ever whoever
- 6. up on upon bus
- 7. run ran runner running
- 8. sun shine sunshine sunny
- 9. for four forty stork



The Goose That Laid the Golden Eggs

One day a goose laid a golden egg. The man who owned the goose was very happy."

Each day it laid another golden egg.

"I shall be rich," said the man.

But he was greedy.

"This goose must be stuffed with gold," he said. "I shall cut it open to see.

And he did. But there was no gold inside. The goose was just like other geese.

"What a fool I am!" said the man. "I have killed the goose that laid the golden egg."

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. At the end the man felt
 - a. rich b. sad
- 2. The man was _____.
 - a. greedy b. giving

I do not like thee, Doctor Fell.
The reason why I cannot tell.
But this I know, and know full well.
I do not like thee, Doctor Fell.

After rain comes sunshine.

sup drum scrub töday hung supper duck brush tönight hunger suppose dug dust tögether hungry

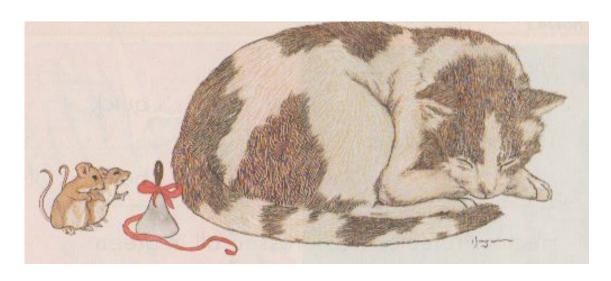
Lesson 42



qu__ queen quack

Please be quiet. Thanks.

- 1. quick quickly quit quilt
- 2. quīėt quite
- 3. such suck sunk summer
- 4. under until unless uncle
- 5. rub bug bump nut
- 6. weather whether
- 7. cents centipede
- 8. consider distracted protector



The Mice and the Cat

A cat was very quiet and very quick. She killed lots of mice.

One day the mice got together. "What can we do?" asked the leader. "Each of us must think of a plan. The one with the best plan wins some cheese."

One of the mice spoke up. "Let's tie a bell to the cat's neck," he said. "If we hear her coming, we can get away."

His plan was cheered by most of the mice.

"Do I get the cheese?" he asked.

"No," said the leader. "While we are trying to tie on the bell, the cat will eat us."

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The cat was _____.
 a. lazy b. slow c. quick
- 2. The mice made a _____.
 a. pan b. plan c. bell

Hector Protector was dressed all in green. Hector Protector was sent to the Queen. The Queen did not like him, No more did the king So Hector Protector was sent back again.

Jack, be nimble. Jack, be quick. Jack, jump over the candlestick.

The centipede was happy quite
Until a toad in fun
Said, "Pray which leg goes after which?"
Which raised her mind to such a pitch,
She lay distracted in a ditch,
Considering how to run. - Mrs Edward Craster



ow now wowou cloud loud

Count to a thousand one.

- 1. how hound house howl
- 2. found sound round ground
- 3. out outside mouse mouth
- 4. crown town down brown
- 5. gr<mark>ow blow show throw</mark>
- 6. around about mountain
- 7. puddle shower flower tower
- 8. or ūnicōrn sixpėnce Āpril
- 9. plenty empty shelf shell



The Two Frogs

Two frogs lived in a lake. One summer it was very, very hot. The lake dried up. The thirsty frogs hopped away to find water.

At last they found a deep well with a little water at the bottom.

"Let's jump in," said one.

"Now wait!" cried the other. "This well may dry up too. It is easy to jump down into a well, but it is not easy to jump out."

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The lake was
- a. deep b. dry c. thirsty
- 2. The frogs were _____.
 - a. thirsty b. dry c. deep
- 3. The well was _____.
- a. deep b. dry c. thirsty

Dr. Foster went to Glo'ster, In a shower of rain. He stepped in a puddle, up to his middle. And never went there again.

The lion and the unicorn were fighting for the crown. The lion beat the unicorn all around the town.

Some gave them white bread, and some gave them brown.

Some gave them plum cake, and drummed them out of town.

April showers bring May flowers.

Lesson 44. Review Lesson

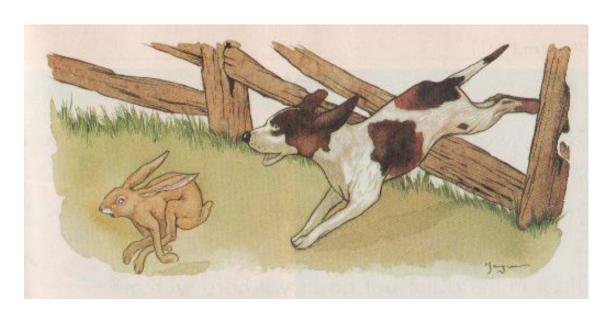
like lick

soak sock

cute cut

hound house hose mouth mows mouse

- 1. in bin thin spin
- 2. huge hug tack take
- 3. hide hiding hidden hid
- 4. our hour staff half
- 5. brěad brěath sprěad instěad
- 6. today yesterday tomorrow
- 7. want oh hole whole
- 8. energy maybe Ö.K. okay



The Hare and the Hound

A hound chased a hare up and down. After half an hour, the hound was out of breath. He gave up the chase.

"What a poor runner you are!" said his mistress. "Why didn't you run faster than the hare?"

"It wasn't a real race," said the hound. "The hare was running to save his life. I was only running to catch my dinner."

Questions

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The hound was out of breath from
- a. eating b. singing c. running
- 2. The hare was running
 - a. for fun b. for his life c. for his dinner

I Painted

Daddy was painting things. I wanted to, too. Mother said, "Painters must be bigger than you." Dad said. "Oh, maybe not. Take this brush and see. Dip it in the paint pot and try it here with me.

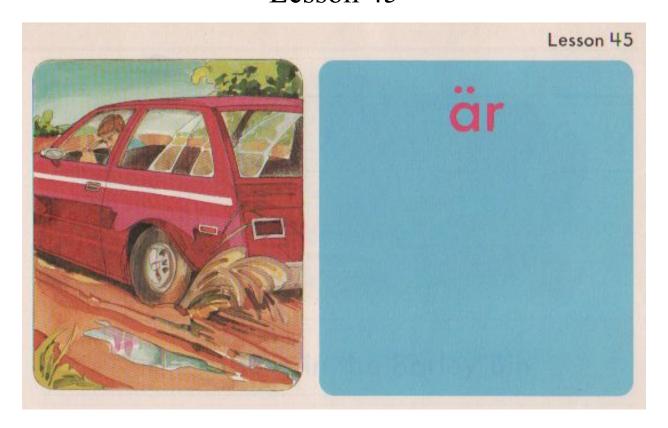
Daddy went in the house to get another shelf. I had an accident, all by myself. "Daddy, I spilled some! I spilled a lot!" Daddy said, "I'll say you did, the whole big pot."

Daddy cleaned up the paint. He didn't scold a bit. Mother helped. They wiped and wiped as if they'd never quit. I said, "Where do I paint next? Is over here okay?" Daddy said, "I think you have painted plenty today.

- Isabel Myers

Tomorrow is another day.

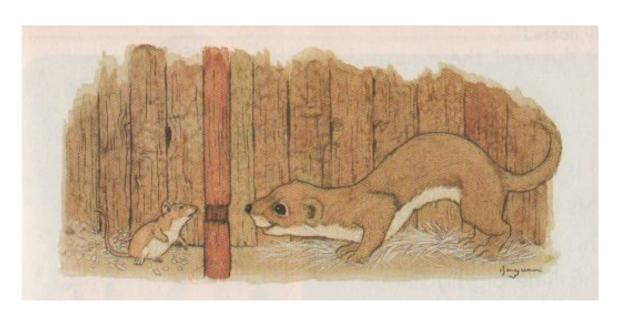
Lesson 45



är large dark barley bark

Start the car. It's in the park.

- 1. stär stärted stärting
- 2. fär färm färmer färming
- 3. härd härder härdest härdly
- 4. bite bitten biting bit
- 5. bottom done none son
- 6. pärk bärk by buy
- 7. märk märkėt bärnyärd



The Mouse in the Barley Bin

A farmer kept his barley in a large bin. The bin had a tiny hole in it

One day a hungry mouse found the hole. He was so thin that he was able to slip in.

The mouse ate and ate until he was fat and happy. Then he tried to leave. But the hole was tiny, and he was too fat.

A weasel was outside.

"How shall I get out," the mouse asked.

"You must stop eating," said the weasel. "You were thin when you got in. When you are thin again, you can get out"

Questions

- 1. At the end, the mouse was very _____.
 - a. thin b. hungry c. fat
- 2. What did the mouse need to do to get out? a. stop eating b. eat more
- 3. The weasel was very _____.
 - a. smart
- b. confused.

This little pig went to market,
This little pig stayed at home,
This little pig had roast beef,
This little pig had none,
And this little pig cried, Wee-wee-wee
All the way home.

To market, to market, to buy a fat pig. Home again, home again, jiggety jig.

To market, to market, but buy a fat hog, Home again, home again, jiggety job.

To market, to market, to buy a plum bun, Home again, home again, market is done.

Hitch your wagon to a star.

Lesson 46



aw jaw law paw
au_ haul maul
a tall call fall
I saw Paul fall in the hall.

1. saw raw draw straw

2. paw claw jaw jackdaw

3. paws pause caws cause

4. tall call stall small

5. dawn fawn yawn lawn

6. cause caught Paul Maud

7. caught taught naughty daughter

8. saw sauce hundrėd



The Eagle and the Crow

A large eagle was flying high in the sky. On the ground below she saw a baby sheep. She swooped down and grabbed it in her claws and carried it away to her nest.

A small crow saw her do it.

"How easy that was," said the crow. I shall try the same thing.

The crow saw a large sheep. He flew down and sank his claw into its coat. He flapped his wings, but the sheep was too heavy to lift. Then the crow tried to let go, but his claws were caught.

The shepherd caught him.

The crow said, "It was easy for the eagle."

The shepherd said, "Your are not an eagle. You are only a crow."

The shepherd clipped the crow's wings and kept him on his lawn as a pet.

The King of France went up the hill, With forty thousand men.
The King of France came down the hill, And never went up again.

When angry, count to ten before you speak; if very angry, a hundred.

- Thomas Jefferson

spider neat for draw dark décide spinner near four dawn park béfore spinning hear forty down bark béside

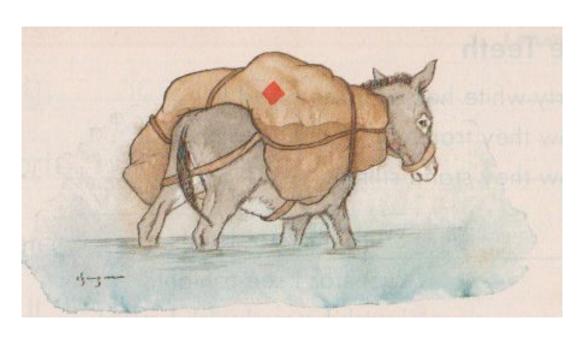
Lesson 47



ô toss cross loss across lost cost

The soft cloth cost a dime.

- 1. toss loss boss cross
- 2. tossed lost cost frost
- 3. off offer office often
- 4. malt salt halt fault
- 5. ball fall wall water
- 6. wash wasp watch want
- 7. soft cloth across gone
- 8. share ashore short horse
- 9. hĕad forehĕad sponge sponges



The Donkey and the Salt

A donkey was loaded with heavy bags of salt. As he crossed a bridge, he slipped and fell into the stream below. The salt got wet and washed away. The donkey's load became lighter, and this pleased him.

The next day, he was loaded with bags of sponges. He came to the same stream.

He fell in, but his load did not get lighter. The sponges soaked up water and held it. His load became too heavy to carry.

Questions

1. The donkey was

a. wise b. fast c. surprised

2. The wet sponges made the Donkey ____.

a. heavier b. lighter c. invisible

The Teeth

Thirty white horses upon a red hill, Now they tramp, now they champ, Now they stand still.

> Star light, star bright, First star I see tonight, I wish I may, I wish I might Have the wish I wish tonight.

away stay splash kite start snap kitten alone stars stair along stairs snapped mitten star

Lesson 48. Review

dog
short
water
walk
caught
bought

dock duck dog stick fix six

- 1. stair stairs stare stared
- 2. auk walk talk chalk
- 3. or for four pour
- 4. caught thought bought along belong
- 5. dog log song strong gong
- 6. cause bėcause
- 7. taught ought fought brought
- 8. her ėarn lėarn ėarly



The Greedy Dog

A dog stole a bone and ran away with it in his jaws.

Soon he came to a stream. He started to cross it on a fallen log. As he walked, he stared down into the water. There he saw another dog with another bone.

He paused.

"His bone is bigger than mine, "he thought. He snapped at it.

As he did, his own bone fell into the water.

"My bone is gone," said the dog, "because I was too greedy."

Auk, auk, why don't you walk?
Why don't you walk or fly?
How can it be nice
to sit on the ice
And watch the gray sea go by?

Live and learn.

A penny saved is a penny earned.

Don't count your chickens before they hatch.

June	sleep	beagle	hop	out	odd
Joan	sleet	equal	hope	now	hold
Jack	sheep	eagle	hoop	up	old

Lesson 49. Review

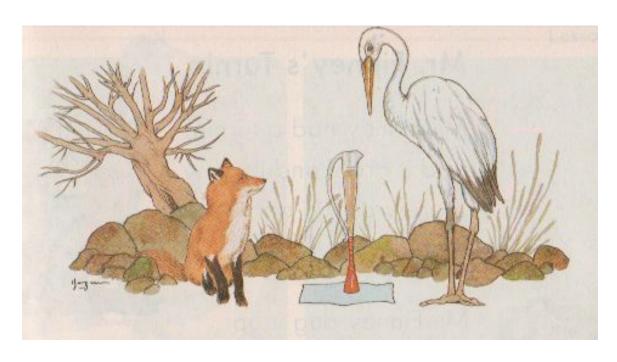
dinner diner

able middle

tiger bigger

lone line lion loin jacks joker jacket jet

- 1. off soft cloth broth
- 2. little ripple riddle middle
- 3. apple circle table bugle
- 4. tip lap act after
- 5. born corn corner morning
- 6. war warn warm warmth
- 7. thought fought bought brought
- 8. give live have move



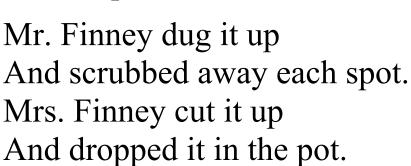
The Fox and the Stork

One day a fox invited a stork for dinner. He decided to play a joke on the stork. He served the broth in a large, flat dish. The fox was able to lap up the broth very well. But the stork's bill was too long. Only the tip went in. The unhappy stork was not able to suck up the broth. She had to go home hungry.

The next day the stork invited the fox for dinner. The stork served the food in a tall, thin pitcher. Her long bill went into it very well, but the jaw of the fox was too short. This time, the fox had to go home hungry.

Mr. Finney's Turnip

Mr. Finney had a turnip, And it grew and it grew. It grew as big and heavy As turnips ever do.



They stewed it and stewed it As long as they were able. They drained away the water And set it on the table.

Mr. Finney and his wife
They began to sup.
And they ate and they ate
And they ate that turnip up.









Lesson 50



oi__ boil spoil toil
_oy boy toy coy

What a noisy boy!

- 1. joy join joined joyful
- 2. boy boys noise noisy
- 3. soil spoil point pointer
- 4. sea pea peacock
- 5. pair spare fair chair
- 6. they they're their there where
- 7. ever everyone everything everywhere
- 8. ate greāt greātly breāk



The Vain Jackdaw

A noisy jackdaw found some peacock feathers. He jumped with joy. "These are just right for a fine bird like me," he said.

Quickly he tied them to his own tail. Then he joined the peacocks and pretended to be one of them. The real peacocks spoiled his plan.

"You have only a few peacock feathers," they said. "You are not one of us."

They plucked out the peacock feathers. Then they plucked out his real feathers too. They sent him back to the other jackdaws. The other jackdaws stared at him.

"You have no jackdaw feathers," they said.

"You are not one of us."

They drove him away too.

Three little kittens they lost their mittens, And they began to cry, "Oh, mother dear, we sadly fear

That we have lost our mittens."

"What! lost your mittens, you naughty kittens.

Then you shall have no pie."

"Mee-ow, mee-ow, mee-ow."

"No, you shall have no pie."

The three little kittens they found their mittens, And they began to cry,

"Oh, mother dear, see here, see here,

For we have found our mittens."

"Put on your mittens, you silly kittens,

And you shall have some pie."

"Purr-r, purr-r, purr-r.

Oh, let us have some pie."

Lesson 51



oo good wood foot

<u>u</u> pull full put bull

would could should

- 1. good wood hood stood
- 2. book brook crook crooked
- 3. took look hook shook
- 4. pull push bull bush
- 5. wood would could should
- 6. cook cookie wooden good-bye
- 7. some someone something somewhere
- 8. Löndön master stile pussycat



The Wolves and the Sheep

The wolves liked to eat sheep, but the sheep dogs kept them away. One day a wolf came to the brook where the sheep drank. The sheep stood back.

"We are now good wolves," said the wolf. "You can trust us. Let's all live in peace."

"Good," said the sheep.

"Send away your dogs," said the wolves.

"No" said the sheep. "If we send our dogs away, you could eat us."

The wolf shook his head. "We have changed. Don't we look like good wolves now? We will let you keep our babies."

"All right," said the sheep.

So the silly sheep sent away their dogs. They kept the baby wolves instead. But soon the baby wolves became hungry. They cried for their mothers. The big wolves came.

"You have made our babies cry," they said. "You have broken the peace. Now we must eat you."

The wolves ate the sheep. They took their babies and went home.

Baa, baa, black sheep,
Have you any wool?
Yes, sir, yes, sir,
Three bags full,
One for my master,
And one for my dame,
And one for the little boy
Who lives down the lane.



Look before you leap.

Lesson 52

kn__ knot know

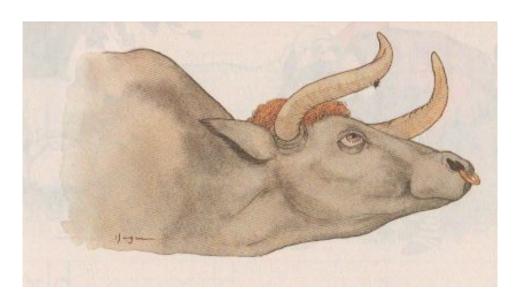
gn___ gnat gnaw

wr__ write wring

mb lamb thumb

come comb cone lame lamp lamb

- 1. no know nose knows
- 2. nod knock not knob
- 3. rap wrapped wrapper
- 4. wreck wring wrote wrung
- 5. long wrong strong song
- 6. Nat gnat gnaw gnome
- 7. lamb limb līme clīmb
- 8. stairs stare pair wear



The Gnat and the Bull

One day a bull was wading in a stream. A gnat flew over to him and sat on his horn.

"Am I too heavy for you?" buzzed the gnat. "It is wrong to make you carry someone as heavy as I. Shall I fly away?"

"Fly or stay as you like," said the bull. "I really did not know you were there."

Matching – Write the correct letter on the line.

_____1. The bull was wading a. on his horns.
_____2. The gnat sat b. light.
_____3. The gnat was very c. heavy
_____4. The bull was very d. in a stream.



The Wolf in Sheep's Clothing

A wolf in wrapped himself in the skin of a sheep and got into a sheep pen. He ate a lamb, but at last the sheep found him.

"Don't throw me out," said the wolf. "I'm one of your sheep."

"No" said the sheep. "You're only pretending to be a sheep. I know you are really a wolf."

"How do you know?" asked the wolf. "I look like a sheep."

"Yes," said the sheep. But you act like a wolf." He beat the wolf with a stick and drove him away.

Lesson 53

wor

worm work world

knee know knew

knife night knight

root roof woof

- 1. word world worth worry
- 2. work worked worker worshop
- 3. poor bad worse worst
- 4. dove love glove above
- 5. none done some come
- 6. gum thumb dumb crumb
- 7. night knight knife knives
- 8. knee kneel new knew



The Silkworm and the Spider

A silkworm and a spider were working side by side. The silkworm was spinning silk very slowly. The spider was spinning her web very fast.

"See how quickly I spin," said the spider. "You must be the slowest worker in the world."

"Your words are true," said the silkworm, "but my work is worth more than yours. People love my silk, but they brush your cobwebs away."

Matching – Put the correct letter on the line.

- 1. The spider worked a. cobwebs.
- ___2. People like b. faster.
- ___3. People brush away c. silk.

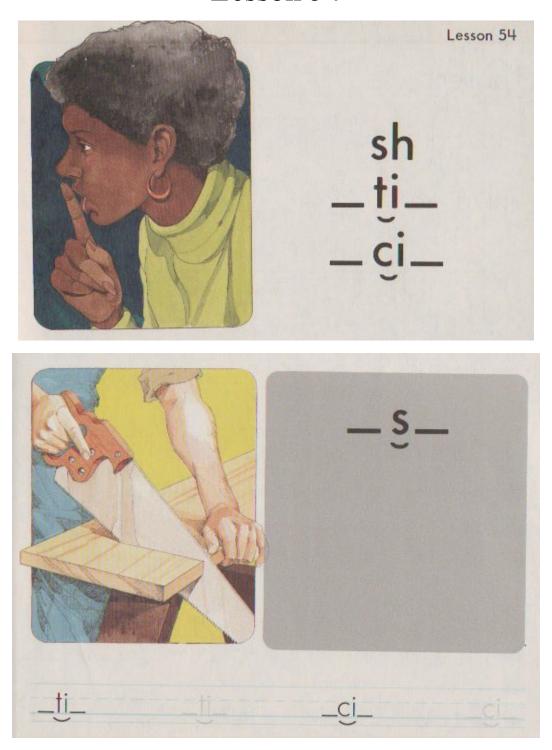
See-Saw Sacradown,
Which is the way to London town?
One foot up, the other foot down,
That is the way to London town.

There was a little girl, and she had a little curl, Right in the middle of her forehead.
When she was good, she was very, very good.
But when she was bad, she was horrid.

What's worth doing is worth doing well.

write leads wrapper diner brave writing leaf writer dinner behaved right least written thinner behave

Lesson 54



patient special pleasure

- 1. nātion stātion question attention
- 2. add addition subtraction
- 3. divide division television
- 4. special patient patience
- 5. use ūgūal ūgūally
- 6. pleagure meagure treagure
- 7. voice choice
- 8. woman women John



Special Things to Learn

Addition means to add, Subtraction take away, Division means divide it up As fairly as you may.

The Whole Duty of Children

A child should always say what's true And speak when he is spoken to, And behave mannerly at table, At least as far as he is able.

-Robert Louis Stevenson

Diddle, diddle, dumpling, my son John Went to bed with his breeches on, One stocking off, and one stocking on, Diddle, diddle, dumpling, my son John.

Humpty Dumpty

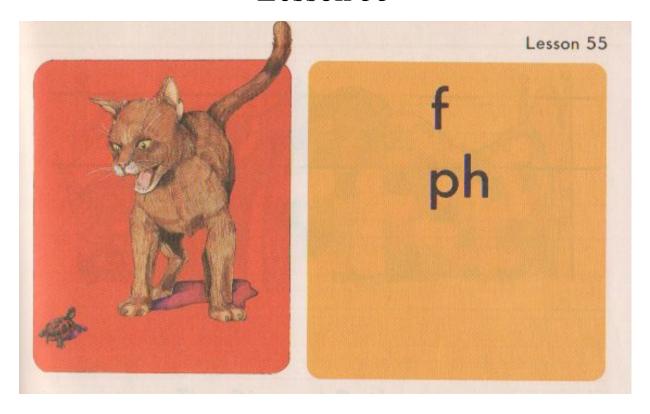


Humpty Dumpty sat on a wall, Humpty Dumpty had a great fall. All the King's horses, and all the king's men Couldn't put Humpty together again.

The early bird catches the worm.

ice	race	dance
eyes	raise	prance
is	rays	France

Lesson 55

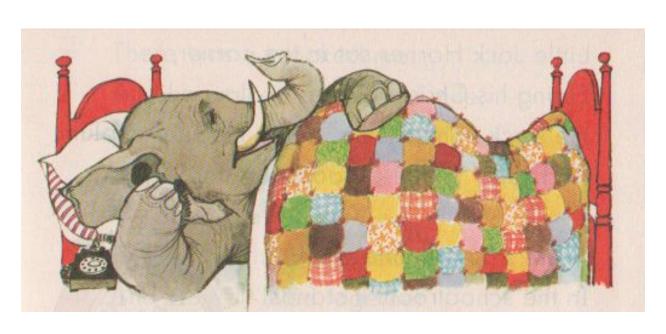


ph phone Philip

ch Christmas

He has a stomachache.

- 1. Philip elėphant
- 2. mūsici an
- 3. physician physician
- 4. take āche make āching
- 5. alphabet Ralph graph
- 4. photo photograph
- 6. autögraph telėgraph
- 8. echo school schoolroom



The Biggest Patient

Philip was an elephant.
He had a stomachache.
He phoned for a physician,
Who gave him pills to take.

fix eight service five ache circus phone ace circle

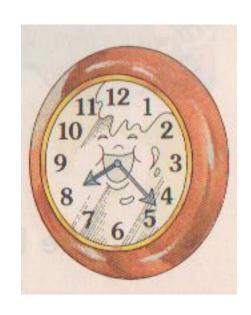
Little Jack Horner sat in the corner.

Eating his Christmas pie.

He stuck in his thumb, and pulled out a plum,
And said, "What a good boy am I!"

There's a neat little clock, In the schoolroom it stands, And it points to the time With its two little hands.

And may we, like the clock, Keep a face clean and bright, With hands ever ready To do what is right.



A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

"Pussycat, pussycat, where have you been?" "I've been to London to look at the queen."

"Pussycat, pussycat, what did you there."
"I frightened a little mouse under her chair."

There was a crooked man,
And he walked a crooked mile,
He found a crooked sixpence
against a crooked stile.
He bought a crooked cat,
Which caught a crooked mouse,
And they all lived together
in a crooked little house.

- "I went up one pair of stairs."

 "Just like me."
- "I went up two pairs of stairs" "Just like me."
- "I went into a room."

 "Just like me."
- "I looked out a window."
 - "Just like me."
- "And there I saw a monkey."

 "Just like me."

The Pessimist

Nothing to eat but food, Nothing to breathe but air, Nothing to wear but clothes, Nothing to comb but hair.

Nowhere to go but out, Nowhere to come but back, Nothing to sing but songs, Ah, well, alas! alack!

Word List for Lessons 25 – 28

cake	king
hit	wish
this	kick
came	stick
will	trick
oak	still
poke	think
call	drink
kind	bring
pick	finger
	hit this came will oak poke call kind

Word List for Lessons 29 – 32

lake	bath	bank
ice	can	ant
can't	mice	antlers
nice	animal	race
bad	face	place
damp	ran	rang
rat	fancy	fat
prance	icy	clear
flap	dance	clean
space	fast	flat

Word List for Lessons 33 – 36

joke last sneeze Jack giant huge jacket land jam bridge cage age lots please wild clock sack got fox lock sank socks not ax mix trot OX drop stop angry

Word List for Lessons 37 – 40

tell	head	catch
ten	help	change
leg	heavy	chance
left	sent	never
read	ready	each
reach	better	yet
white	people	which
why	rich	while
ditch	when	wheel
next	pitch	wet

Word List for Lessons 41 – 44

stuff quiet just quite stuck jump judge such much what must cut quick but cup buzz until out how queen open down ground house quack now summer found around mouse

Word List for Lessons 45 – 48

large farm hall dark across saw soft claw star lawn small start far jaw haul draw hard cost fall lost pause walk water or for wash want thought caught salt

Word List for Lessons 49 – 52

pointer wood strong good little toy boil middle full noisy boy joy join foot pull spoil comb know stood lamb look write should wrapper could took wrong would knock gnat

Word List for Lessons 53 - 55

addition word put

world knee subtraction

worth patience knife

division worm thumb

usually elephant work

brook dumb special

patient bull phone

question voice Christmas

stomach ache musician

Philip pleasure joyful

Notes on this Document

by a Previous Teacher and Ardent Admirer of the Original Open Court Phonics Reading Program

June 12, 2009

I prepared this document of excerpts from the original Long-Vowel-First Phonics Reading Program as it left the hands of Priscila McQueen and was subsequently revised by Ann Hughes and others for publication by the Open Court Publishing Company owned by Brouke Carus and his family. There were two distinguishing marks of this program. 1. Long vowels were taught first with most of the consonants. 2. All the sentences and stories were totally decodable without the need of any sight-word instruction.

Several controlled studies over the years, as well as high levels of student success in classrooms of diverse populations across the nation, confirm the overwhelming superiority of the program to produce superb literacy levels. I recommend especially Miss Geraldine Rodgers' 1977-78 oral reading research *Why Jacques, Johann and Jan Can Read*.

It is my sincere hope that curriculum developers will consider the unique properties of this **type of long-vowel-first program** in developing superior readers among ALL students. It has proven particularly valuable in preventing artificially induced whole-word dyslexia in young children. Older students who are victims of sight-words instruction (whole-language, guided-reading, balanced-literacy) will be able to improve their fluency and comprehension by switching from whole-word guessing to accurate phonetic decoding with the use of this long-vowel-first approach.

I should add that one reason for my personal passion for this program is the fact that two of my children learned to read with it. They are both superior readers. I actually taught the entire program to my son in the evenings after school so I am intimately acquainted with the program. I also use it in my daily tutoring because it assures fast and sure progress with every student.

Although the program is - unfortunately - not in publication anymore, all the superior benefits can be achieved with another program which is based on the same underlying linguistic theory and pedagogical processes: *School Phonics* published by Didax.

I will be publishing more information on vowel-first approaches to teaching beginning reading on my web site, www.donpotter.net, as I expand my research into this methodology.

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